

Modular Representation Theory
Blok 4

Homework 2
Due date: Mai 23rd 2008

1. Let G be a finite group, let N be a normal subgroup of G and let k be a commutative ring. Show that $J(kN)kG = kGJ(kN)$.
2. Let G be a finite group, let N be a normal subgroup of G and let k be a field. Suppose that $\text{char}(k)$ does not divide the index $[G : N]$. Let M be a kG -module. Show that M is semi-simple as kG -module if and only if M is semi-simple as kN -module.
3. Let G be a finite group, let N be a normal subgroup of G and let k be a field. Suppose that $\text{char}(k)$ does not divide the index $[G : N]$. Show that $J(kG) = J(kN)kG$.
4. Let G be a finite group and let k be a field of prime characteristic p such that p divides $|G|$. Show that $J(kG)$ is not zero.
5. Let A be a commutative finite-dimensional algebra over a field k . Show that $J(A)$ is equal to the set of all nilpotent elements in A .
6. Give an example of a finite-dimensional algebra A over a field k which has a non-zero nilpotent element not contained in $J(A)$.
7. Let k be a field and let n be a positive integer. Let A be the k -algebra of all upper triangular $n \times n$ -matrices with coefficients in k ; that is

$$A = \{(a_{ij})_{1 \leq i, j \leq n} \mid a_{ij} \in k, a_{ij} = 0 \text{ if } i > j\}.$$

Determine $J(A)$.

8. Let k be a field and let f be a polynomial in $k[X]$. When is the quotient algebra $k[X]/fk[X]$ semi-simple?
9. Determine the character table of a non abelian group G of order 8.
Hint: There are two isomorphism classes of non abelian groups of order 8, namely the dihedral group D_8 and the quaternion group Q_8 . One doesn't need to know this fact, though, in order to compute the character table; the structural information needed about G which suffices to compute the character table is that $Z(G) = [G, G]$ is of order two and $G/[G, G]$ is a Klein four group.